

1955-5

IK-3

doc. 468

UNITED STATES  
DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR

DI-6

APPROVED DECEMBER 1941

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In Denver - Mrs. H. B. Bell - Breeding Mammals  
or Junior Veterinarian (now married)  
+ for Robby's sections.  
OK to take them back +  
reproduce.

Flying U Ranch  
Newcastle, Wyoming



Edgemont area with Garland Gt (cont. from p 56,  
Ntbt 4, I-K 2)

has traced channel edge; it has a  
northwest trend. Sandstone is fine  
to medium grained.

Base Fall River seen at E, F and G  
similar to that in Devils tower area.  
Garland puts local channel sand  
directly under what I call base,  
in Fall River. This in same position  
as Henry Bells "Gould" ss. - will call it  
"Fuson sandst." here, it would be top  
Lakota, one ore-bearing in Cret. mine  
probably, in D.T. area.

#### Fall River - Fuson-Lakota contact.

Seen at E (picture) where it  
resembles the "red, white, & blue" contact  
of D.T. area. At some of road cuts  
we crossed zone also evident,  
this was in Robinson Flats area.  
The Fe specks were present. At E  
the contact was within 2 or 3 feet  
of basal FR ss and a thin ss  
bed was on it locally.

Where the "Fuson sandstone"  
was present at F and H we  
discussed its position relative to  
the Fall River. At F there is no  
weathered zone and Fall River sits  
directly on the "Fuson ss".





Garlands interpretation is that this is a channel sand originating in the basal Fall River, whereas I interp. as a "Fuson", or post-Fuson sand truncated by Fall River plane of contact. At F the top surface is plane, but neither interp. can be eliminated. At H, however, the "Fuson ss" is still present but not completely occupying "Fuson" interval, and we found the weathered zone with red claystone beneath it resting on "Fuson" ss. I think this relationship favors my interp. espec. since Garland has mapped the ss in detail & shown it to be same as at F.

Suspect that the "contact" of Fall River & Fuson-Lakota will be found to hold in the Southern Hills, but that it may be complicated to find locally because of Fall River (in my sense) channeling and more widespread presence of the "Fuson ss".

Saw contact in Henry Bells Flint Hill quad. but had difficulty with it where his "Gould" ss was present. Here the gray





Fall River sh + thin interc. ss sat right on x-bedded to massive x-lam "Gould" with top "Gould" loc. Fe impreg. - but about 2 mile away found good red white + blue zone where "Gould" didn't come up as high in section.

"Fuson ss." - This lenticular unit locally distributed, is locally ore-bearing. It is the only unit in what I would call their Lakota (=Fuson + Lak) which has coarse to cyclic ss similar to that in D.T. area. The basal cgl of this unit at ~~E~~ H has an excellent basal cgl made up of frags + chunks + rounded pebbles of underlying beds (ss + clstn) chert + qtz + greenules and <sup>a few</sup> polished pebbles. Also found some polished pebbles in float from red clstns above the ss at locality H.

"Fuson" This would be from Fall River contact - which Greenland puts same place I would except where "Fuson ss"



See dr. 11/5

# JURASSIC PARKING



Y.P.S.

№

9324

occurs to the Minnewaste, which is locally present in Edgemont NE. Saw it at G, where it is sandy, and again at place to W of map where it was more typical.

Where no Minnewaste Fuson bottoms on first "white massive" sandstone. At G. the Fuson chiefly claystone had big silic. tree trunk, foss. wood all over. Saw several polished pebbles in float, colored clstns as in D.T. area and some of those thin white sugary sands also common in D.T. area.

Lakota. In Garlands quad the Lakota can be subdivided with rather good consistency to its parts, but this doesn't apply outside his quad.

At top are massive white ss. Locally 2 beds, below this a lacustrine section of even-bedded ss, clstn, sh + some very limy beds. The clstns have ostracods + chevrephytes. <sup>(loc. G - picture)</sup> Below this is thick ss., fine gr massive brown weath commonly





broken by bench in middle, looks like the massive Fall River sands. It is ss most of Indian pictographs are on.

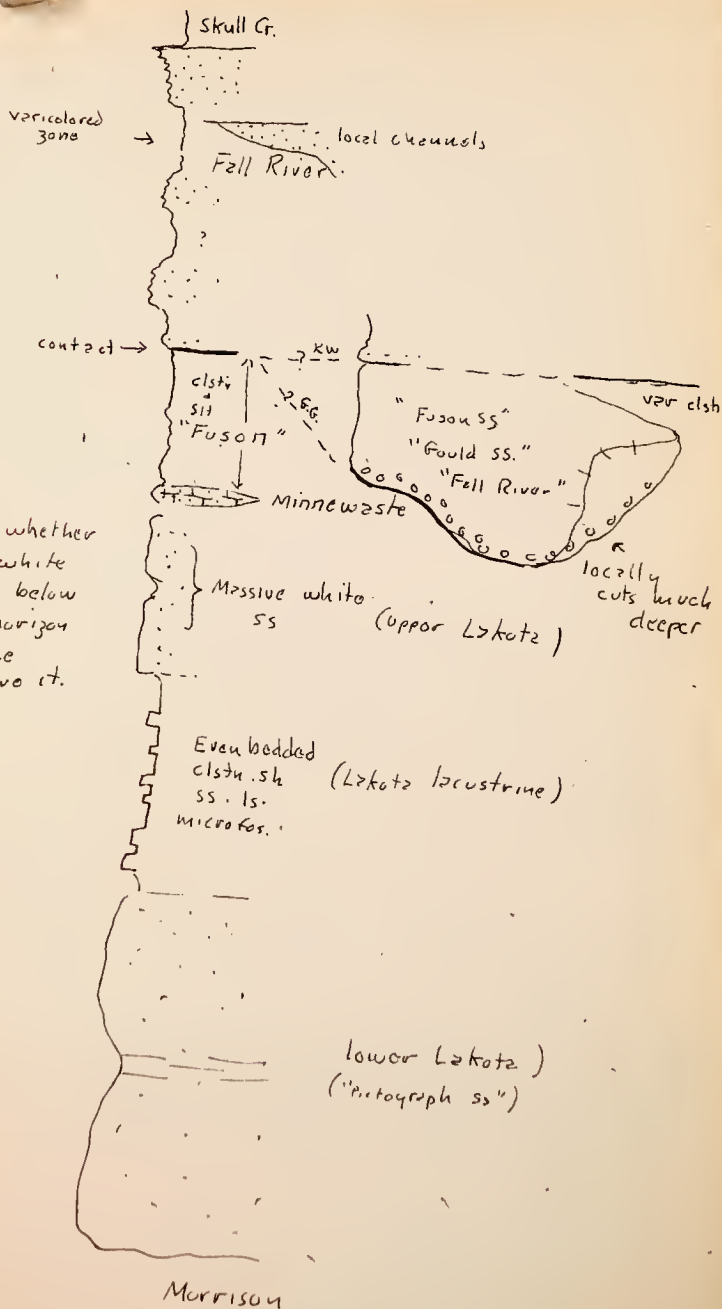
As I understand it "Fuson ss" is additional to these locally.

#### Lakota - Morrison contact.

Definitely 2 kinds. At C. basal massive brn. Lakota sits on green Morrison clstn section. At K Black shale with carb frags & some silty lam are in sharp contact with green Morrison clstns below.

Morrison can't be much over 40-60 ft at K but G. says most places over 100 ft.

Generalized section — Best rep. section of Farlands area is in single face at loc. I on map. This goes from base Lakota into lower Fall River ss. Could prob. get full Fall River incl. Skull Cr. contact in lower Red Canyon near A. In Flint Hill quad. Lakota differs tho laustrine



Am not sure whether both massive white ss beds come below Minnewaste horizon or whether one locally in above it. Ask Garland.

beds loc. present. Bell has sent  
Chroophytes + ostracods to Peck.  
OK'd for Lower Cret. He, Bell has  
also had fossils in polished pebbles  
studied by P+S + report says  
Pennsylvanian - could be Minnekahta  
or correlative units in Bighorns  
or Hartsville uplift.

(Might be worth investigating  
whether these derived from  
ancestral Rockies - passed to  
Fountain correlatives - then in  
Jurassic uplifts to Morrison?  
and Lakota.) Doubt direct  
derivation. Crowley's thesis  
based on gold in Newcastle ss  
+ Lakota coals is also subject  
to interps. other than one he  
favors of local derivation of  
Hills. Inyan Kara (+) from  
emergent Hills over near  
Keystone. Gzylund mentioned  
work by Russians on transport  
+ deposition of gold in  
solution.)

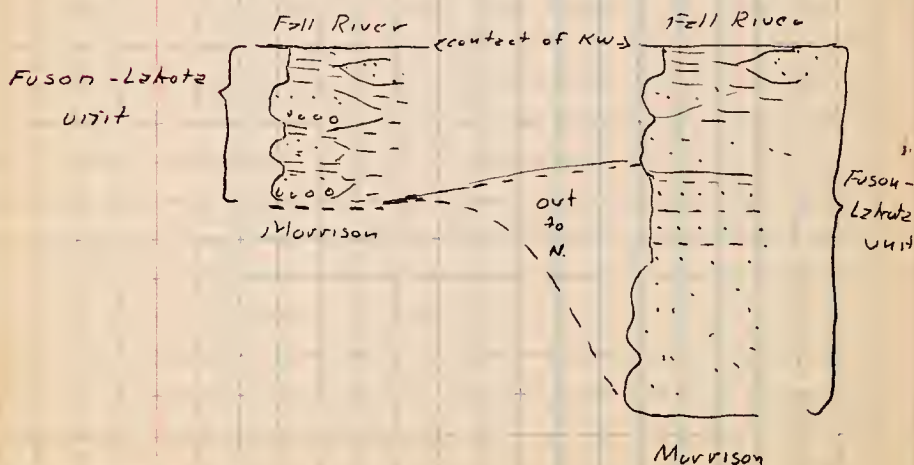
Approx succession, without regard  
to thickness, shown above  
for Gzylund's gold.



Possible relation to NW Hills.

Most similarities are in Fall River and upper part Fuson-Lakota, including contact between these units.

Most obvious differences - the southern Fuson-Lakota is markedly finer grained, ~~and~~ obviously much thicker and contains lacustrine beds. Good possibility that southern hills has more Lakota than northern. In D.T. area would guess we had relatively similar but coarser & thicker Fuson-Lakota interval = to southern "Fuson" and massive white upper Lakota, viz.



Possibly the coal-bearing Lakota





in the Atseldin — Sundance —  
Cambrian rocks are swamp  
or marginal lacustrine  
deposits which may mark  
local base levelling at about  
same time as southern  
lacustrine phase. All coals in  
question do come under the  
northern Letetz cglte ss.

Miscellaneous notes.

At Devils Canyon on Cheyenne  
R. canyon walls spectacular  
Inyan Kara exposures showing  
the great local lateral variation  
typical of these rocks. Didn't  
get time for more than a  
look at this.



W-22 Wyo. Rt. 111 road cut across N. end  
Betz Lodge Mts, chiefly in section 20,  
T. 54 N., R. 62 W.

Part A. Starting top big ss. in first cuts W crest,  
+ measuring down to break in cut at  
gully.

Grass at

- 53-? Sandstone, massive,  
cross-laminated to coarsely bedded,  
with local thin beds. The  
lenses of interbedded light  
gray ss. & sh. Alternately  
variably sand which is  
locally almost entirely sandstone  
but becomes more shaly  
of ss in gray silt. laterally,  
in upper 15' 20' etc. Also  
cut in road west of road  
to road cut 15' etc.

Blue silt. clay, with  
small sh. & sandstone  
5' etc.

- N 10-50 Sandstone, fine gr., massive,  
grading to siltstone, and  
clayey siltstone. Mass  
unit, locally sh. irreg.  
bedding in upper part ss



part with weathered graywatts  
with yellow staining. Locally  
upper sandy part is cut  
out by channel base overlying  
unit. About 2' from base is  
purple-pink zone in siltstone  
with black, Mn-lookng spots  
and red blebs. Below this  
zone which is 1502 ft from  
color is gray, + silt  
clayey. At base is 0.1-0.2  
of hard Fe impreg. OB sandy  
siltstone which sticks out  
as thin ledge

m

3.5

Siltstone, shaly, locally  
approach to green shale. Brownish  
gray with purplish cast  
grading to black. Local  
stained purple in upper  
part. Black silty clay  
wells & cross-bedded. Fe-  
weather spots which are all  
greenish red in color. The  
stone is very soft and  
looks like is like a soft  
so that it might be sandier.  
(Base 0.2-4.2 ore red in  
stained part.)





L 10-20 Siltstone, more resistant than above, chiefly massive with cap sand, siltstone, 8-12m and 12m long common with some mixed zones, 25.1 above. Chiefly gray with upper 0.4 ± Fe impreg., red weather, white spots, whole unit purplish cast. Grades to unit below.

K 4.8 <sup>clayey</sup> Siltstone and mud silty clay, fine grained, black in middle part. upper 1.5 ± somewhat lighter, brownish purple, silty. Middle part unit is similar to 30 ss below, is clayey but with silt that has been leached, and red weather. Fe spots. Lower part is lower lithology. Less resistant than upper part is. It goes to top of section. In irreg. zone of deposition. Coarse silt and clay. Lower 2.0 ± is black above. Bed 0.1 or less, is red Fe impreg zone on ss below.







concretionary ledge. Weathers XB to buff.

This outcrop of this interval broken by gulch but tie across is within about 2 or 3 feet at most, short if anything.

(Part B.)

- H 3.3 Siltstone, sandy to shaly gray with irreg black blots + specks - upper 1.5 feet green with Fe red stain in irreg blotches. Locally this is a fine gr. silt + ss in upper part. or 2 silty shale 1B. with siltst
- G 0.6 Sandstone, fine gr. silty to clayey gray, massive, grades to unit below
- F 1.4 Siltstone, loc. sandy + clayey gray to light green gray with red mottling (Fe<sup>2+</sup>) + stain
- E 1.4 Shale, silty at top, var. light gray with greenish cast and pink to red. Ool of Fe impreg OB silt at top. and 0.1(-) of red Fe impreg fine gr lam





SS, 0.4 from base. Shale  
is silt free throat 2/1 but  
depress

b 0.6 Sandstone, fine gr, Fe impreg  
residual forms local ledge  
upper 0.1 ± lower Fe cap  
weathers QK with red top.

c 2.5 siltstone, loc. shaly gray,  
soft, mottled pink +  
with some Mn blots also  
a carb

B 0.8 Siltstone, sandy with hard  
forms local ledge. Basal  
0.1 Fe impreg.

A 5.0-? Claystone, finely silty  
v. red and gray with  
Fe specks throat  
3.2 from top red gets  
brick - or lacquer red,  
in cross Fe concentrated  
like red ochre.

Road gutter.



On the east side of the Hill the road cuts show channel sands in lower than-bedded portion of the Fall River. The contact is in similar beds to those on west side with a varicolored zone with white, yellow weath. siltst with plant frags resting on the highly colored (here orange rather than red) zone with Fe. specs.

Cut on E side of Hill - one with thick orange-colored slope on E side.

Measuring down from equivalent to unit B. of preceding section.

Part C

-? - Siltst. pink & gray  
0.4 to 0.8 (-Unit B) siltstone, <sup>light</sup> gray, weathers with yellow stain, loc. laminated, has carb frags - incl loc. fern pinnules.

3.0 Siltstone, light gray, massive, shot through with yellow Fe. specs. Loc. clayey, upper 0.8 has yellow stain then, about 2' from top bright orange in irregular areas. Grades in lower foot to unit below



2.3 Claystone, silty, gradational  
from clayey siltst. Above  
gray with Fe dots, finely  
silty, largely colored  
by bright orange stain.  
The Fe specks near base are  
not yellow or red seem to  
be unweathered, are  
brownish gray grain-  
shaped (Sample 1 in part)

3.4 Siltstone, clayey, gray  
with the scattered "grains"  
of Fe, some orange  
stain (Sample 1 in part)  
soft

5.0 As above in level,  
becoming sandy locally,  
with Fe specks

2.7 As above, but sandy  
throughout, and lacks Fe  
specks. Gray, some  
yellow stain.

1.4-? Sandstone, med gr at top  
grading to fine gr + silty  
below ~~staining~~ ~~at~~ top  
gray below.





Next cut downhill. hzs ss in upper part but no continuous beds. no. int. tie-in between cuts.

The previous section does not even hold for its cut inasmuch as the sand at the base lenses out ~~to~~ toward the east end of the cut and other sands then once come in well up in the Fe-speckled silt zone.

In next cut down, silty ss with carb frags is at top, and similar to ss with carb frags in E end gutter at lowest point preceding cut. 100 feet below where gravel steps. This ss (in road cut) is about 7 to 8' thick - section follows

Pt C (cont.) Grass, roots + wash = upper 3' of cut, then trench begins. - approx section coring along cut with level

7.2 Sandstone, fine, med. + coarse gr. lac. hzs lenses gray silty ss., carb frags in large + small chunks which appear water worn. Basal foot is coarse to med. gr. Fe impreg.





5.0 ± Claystone, gray, silty in upper  
2 foot grades, abruptly to  
gray sandy siltstone and  
on into SS. Lower 11.3 ±  
yellow weath. med gr. SS.

11.0 ± Thickly ss with interbeds of  
clayey ~~silty~~ gray sandy  
siltstone. SS weathers to  
yellowish ss fine to  
med. lenticular.

1.0-? Dk gray to black, plastic  
claystone =

Below gutter of 1 ± —  
next set of lower near contact  
has dk gray clay and silt ss,  
but lower 1.0 — like <sup>light</sup> gray clay  
at top, or near base, — this  
cannot be hooked up with  
last set.



W-23

Weehinkle divide section, Missouri  
Buttes quad., cent.  $\pm$  SE  $\frac{1}{4}$  SW  $\frac{1}{4}$  sec. 28,  
T 53 N, R. 66 W. Local small bluff on W side  
gulch trib. to Left Hand drainage

Starts in lower sandstone of  
Fall River and lags downward  
with only local offsets on trenches. to  
massive coarse calc. Lakota.

Grass roots

8.0 Sandstone, thin bedded, fine-  
grained buff to yellowish  
gray. Some shaly plugs lower  
foot. but not lower here,  
upper, chiefly in mass with c. 4  
Fe impreg. spots.

1.4 Interbedded, siltstone, silty  
fine gr. and fine gr. silty  
fine gr. with thin platy layers.

0.9 Siltstone with some silty  
silty, laminated black clay  
siltst. and silty siltst.  
some thin bedded siltst.

Fall River  $\rightarrow$   
Lakota

2.5 Siltstone, gray to brownish  
to silty clay. Light  
gray with yellow streaks. But  
this is very yellow, locally  
reddish. Has Fe nodules.



- 5.3 Claystone, plastic, variegated, red, purple, light gray.
- 5.3 Claystone - silty, light gray, silty, in upper 0.8, lowest 0.5 orange stained.
- 4.0 Siltstone, locally sandy, clayey. Upper 0.8 fairly hard but friable, remainder is soft, locally shaly, silty, throughout, white at top to light gray then yellow gray in basal part.
- 5.7 Claystone, silty light gray, with thin lenses siltstone and fine gr. calcareous ss. ss = 0.5, at base, Siltst = 0.5, from 1.9 to 2.4 above base, and a somewhat sandy one 1.5 to 1.7 from top. Upper foot is clayey orange stained silt with some silty.
- 1.2 Claystone, light gray, clayey to subcongl. sandy silt.





finely silty, with 0.1 layer  
of grey flint clay at base.

14.0 Sandstone, massive, x-bedded,  
fine to coarse grained,  
some scattered granules chert  
& quartz in matrix.  
Pebbles, irregular, pinkish  
brown, up to x-bedded  
structures.

11.7 Sandstone, chiefly med-gr,  
unconsolidated, continuous with  
above. Has <sup>sp. fine</sup> scattered chert &  
quartzite granules & small pebbles.

2.7 Sandstone, large for a g, fine to  
med gr, locally only a  
small pebbles, some of the sand  
& gravel in interval above.

19.6 Sandstone, unconsolidated  
fine to med gr, locally only a  
small pebbles, some interbedded  
5' to 10' above base, lower  
3' sandstone is consolidated,  
bzzz 0.4 Fe stain  
at top.



3.4 Claystone, dark gray, to black  
scattered quartz grains +  
granules, + is sandy, base  
0.6 ft is concave sandy  
clayst. Granules increase toward  
base.

4.0 Fine-grained sandy, light gray,  
shaly at base, sparsely scattered  
granules in lower part.

1.8 Claystone, sandy at top  
grading to gray sp. of  
on + below, clayst.  
granules, scattered.

1.2 Sandstone, gray calcareous  
0.8 is fine-grained  
laminated, with small  
qtz grains and small pebbles.

4.1 Sandstone, medium, white  
to light gray, 170s  
grading to calcic. 170s  
+ fine gr. part 0.15  
then white, yellow with  
with some dark gray  
for 0.15, then white.  
white, yellow, 170s.



chest + light gray. Basal  
118 unconsol. ch + pebble gravel

1.5 Siltstone + gray, grading to  
fine-gr. white ss. Few coarse  
grains and scattered granules.

0.6 Siltstone, gray, grading to fine  
grained unconsol. ss. Few  
coarse sand grains.

1.7 Sandstone, med gr., unconsol  
gravelly, many quartz grains  
+ pebbles (to 1/4"), 14 - 16%.

3.4 Clayey Siltstone + silty  
claystone, gray to brownish  
green upper part, light gray  
below, scattered grains +  
pebbles of calc. sandstone.  
Base of 2 feet - those up to  
1/4" +, some smaller.

6.0 Sandstone, fine to coarse  
grained, friable, silty  
+ calc. sandstone, locally  
upper part poorly consol.  
Some calc. sandstone  
may just be calc. sand,  
part of which is calc. sand



but locally sharp contact  
with ss.

+ cglite ss  
8.5-? Conglomerate with large nodules  
to coarse + cglite ss. Ch. cglite  
gray and black chert nodules  
1/2" to 1" long thin, or thin  
to granular size. Ledges form

Slope down (prob base of slope is  
about here)

to north

Lateral change with most granular  
beds up. Indurated bed of  
cglite ledge gets thicker.  
Some top great local resistant  
beds. Erosion.

About 300 ft N a 30-foot ledge of  
cglite lands in ss.



75  
11  
—  
62

W - 24

Breach of Pine Ridge - Oil Butte anticline  
N. side Keyhole reservoir, in & to W of gulley  
running E thru. about center SW 1/4 sec 20,  
T. 51 N., R. 66 W., Carleton quad.

At crest of ledge approx top  
measurement to head level of  
ss shows 75' ledge to grass roots  
below, and 17' platy weather ss  
above ledge. All of which is  
Lakota. Hard massive ledge  
base not far above green gray  
Morrison.

Along ridge N. of crest ledge  
broken up by lensing out of  
some of ss channels into  
softer beds.

In gulley, headleveling up slope  
along strike (N 14 W 22 E) it  
is 16' from top Lakota sandstone  
to the contact, and 10.5 ft from  
contact into lower F.R. ss, which  
only crops out in part locally.

The contact is sharp

10-? Blair silty shale, 16 silt  
0.2 Siltstone, gray, x-lam,  
carb frags



- 0.4 Claystone light gray, weather  
white
- 0.2 Ferruginous claystone rusty, full  
of Fe specks.
- 1.3 Claystone, locally silty +  
gray with yellowish cast  
Fe specks not prominent  
except in comp. + thin
- 0.3' Ferruginous claystone, a few  
Fe specks
- 1.0-? Claystone, very dark red  
light gray and purple,  
Fe specks in upper half  
(can't see it soon) give yellow  
stain

W-25

Left bank, Crook, Missouri Bluffs Quad.  
Bluff north road in center  $5\frac{1}{2}$  NE  $\frac{1}{4}$   
Sec. 18, T53N, R66W.  
(Morrison - Lohr contact + base)  
Morrison here

Bluff capped locally by Fe indurated  
remains ~~coarse~~ blk + gray chert pebble  
cgl. Above this is 122 feet of  
mudstone fine gr., x bedded to  
tabular 1' in some places which is  
locally shaly at top. Some of  
the material is ...



is between NW + N. in direction  
of flow.

Below this ss were some  
beds with slump blocks,  
from under which float  
indicating presence of lignite  
beds. May be possible to  
dig out the 30 ft thick  
highest slump blocks but  
need heavier equipment.  
Morrison well exposed, some  
trenching with minor gaps  
could take it to base as  
yellow ss present.

W-23

Part C

Weathered section - bed to ground.  
north to 210 ft to get better  
but no luck at C, cyl is 37 ft  
thick to its talus slope. Just  
on SE of point is unusual  
vertical structure, with  
conical bedding. Taken to be  
a pot hole filling. It is 14-15  
feet vertically and up to  
2.5 in diameter, round base.

Base of Lakota, in question,





set up as follows

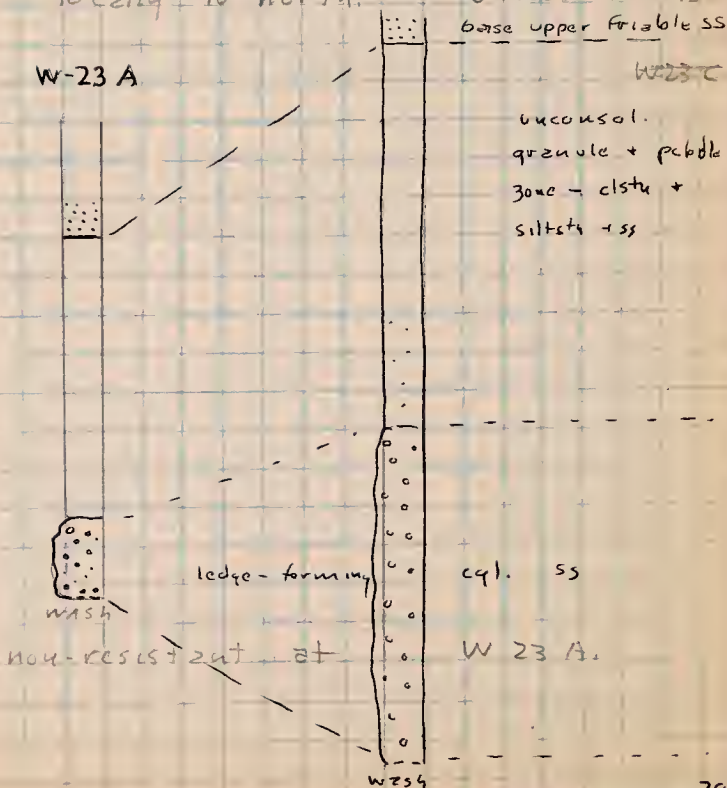


To south up far toward where  
we measured section is  
prospect pit under cgl ledge.  
Shows about 2' claystancy,  
upper foot dk brownish gray  
lower gray to light gray.  
This is under slump block.  
from top clsta to top of ledge  
in place is 44 ft, so that  
would bring Lehigh like  
clsta in at 44', 27' in  
on claystancy 2-3 ft.



W-23 B Just N. W-23 A, on bare slope with gravel wash is cap ss which is the base of the 19.6 unit (see p. 21) in Wechinta section. From here down to base of the cglc ledge it is approx 75' stratigraphically, by hand level measurement.

Approx N-S section would show that basal cgl is thickening locally to north. 23B unless it is





W-3A. Government Canyon area, bluffs along W side of road connecting with Seely-Alzada road in the sec. 18, T. 56 N., R. 64 W. The locality is probably in sec. 31, T. 57 N., R. 64 W., according to Crook Co. road map.

Along the bluff a channel sandstone forms massive ledge for distance of about 300', lensing out into silty to sandy claysstones laterally. Ledge is in Lakota, at about same position (15-20 feet) below Fall River contact as the friable ss lens in the Gov't Canyon section.

From sandy clstus, & clstus assoc with the ledge, numerous polished pebbles washing out. Fusulines & other fossils in some of these. Sent to P+S for possible ident. of source. Also included part of stromatopora?





Theobalds Fossil Forest on Inyan Kara creek.  
Silicified fossil logs coming out of  
beds which may be either lower  
Lakota or Morrison. Paul Theobald has  
section here.

specimen of best structural preservation  
submitted to P & S branch. This is  
a critical section if stuff ~~is~~ is  
undoubted early Cretaceous, can  
probably be tied in with Inyan Kara  
#2. Think that a detailed mapping  
of bluffs E of creek between I.K. #1  
and this locality might reveal whether  
Morrison & Lakota transitional,  
interfinger laterally, or have an  
identifiable plane of separation  
when both are in claystone phase.

Location of fossil wood -



1

175

15  
5  
1335

## Core samples from A.E.C. Drilling

### 1. Hulett Creek

Hole - H.C. 154, box 5

Contact at  $133.5 \pm$  is dark gray

shaly siltstone with carb frags

on a gray white siltstone &

sandy siltstone with Fe specs.

Sample 133 - 136

A. 133-133.4,

B. contact piece

C. 133.2 to 135

D. 135 to 136

E. 136 to 137

### 2. Poison Creek #3

Contact at  $169 \pm$ , break between

gray lam. sl + sh and a soft

light gray claystone

A - 168.7 - 169 Fall River & Contact

B - 169 - 170 claystone with Fe blebs

C - 170 - 172  $\pm$

D - 172 - 173  $\pm$  V

Under this, from 175 down, goes back  
to the Seaboard and Carb rocks and  
to the Fall River

1. 1. 1.

1. 1. 1.

1. 1. 2.

1. 1. 3.

### 3. Elkhorn Creek #3

Contact at 149.7  $\pm$  is carb  
silt on light gray clay.

A. 149 to 149.7

B. 149.7 to 150.7

C. 150.7 to 152.7

In Elkhorn #4 at the Fall River  
basal contact at 146.2, the  
Morrison upper contact at 385.

No coaly zone + basal FIR is silt  
on gray clay with Fe blebs

(Spot sample # A is 146.2 to 146.7)

### 4. Dinky Creek NHR 126

Contact at 135 (about  
miss. reg.)

A. 0.4 above contact.

B. contact to 1 foot below

C. Spot sample 11 feet below  
at heavy Fe speckled

### 5. Bronco John Creek

Contact indistinct, log zero  
follows

190-190.7 Shaly lignite

190.7-196 Siltstone, dk gray to green  
fine to coarse grained  
frag. in upper 4' of



is dk gray, lower part lighter  
gray & medium clayey, less  
sandy

196-198.4 Light gray clayey, silty &  
continuous silty & some  
Fe specks begin about 0.2  
from top. Is fairly sandy.

198.4-2025 Clayey, silty, medium  
Fe specks, light gray,  
to gray, homogeneous

2025-206 Azyston, very light, gray  
with red grain, some small.

206-211 Silty, light gray, brown  
very red & gray

211-212

Silty

Most clay

212-213, light

Silty

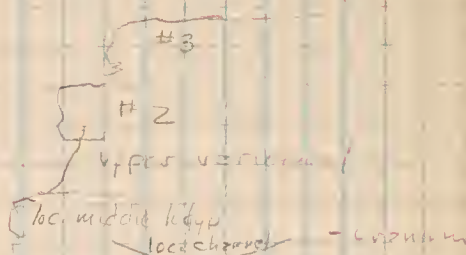




W-26

Storm Hill Quad. with Glenn & Ran  
Eng and Storm Hill.

Fall River



loc. ss loc. med. #  
- sltst.

FB sh. & sltst. loc. lg  
contact

< thicker than  
normal sh betw.  
#1 & #2.

L. to L.

red bed

L. to L.

gray clay

water plant bear. & sltst.

gray clay

coarse sandstone

cal zone

} diplo'

Fine ss - loc. thin bedded

xb. or x. sh. white to light gray

10'

10'

water shale







A 824

W-27

Skull Creek fossil locality on  
Elkhorn Creek.

In ferruginous conc. layer just  
E. of road at fork just N of cent. sec. 23,  
T. 56 N., R. 66 W. Layer is just under  
a pebbly sand zone which sheds  
small pieces of bone with it.



W-28

Locality in first bentonite pit  
N of Bentonite Rd <sup>west</sup> intersection with  
Atzdz Rd about 1 1/4 miles

Newcastle bentonite

Top of cut

- |    |      |  |
|----|------|--|
| I  | 3.0± | Wash on weathered outcrop<br>of black shale + bentonite  |
| II | 1.0  | Silty black shale grading to<br>ashy silty shale locally   |
| G  | 0.3  | Black shale  |
| F  | 0.35 | Bentonite  |
| E  | 1.3  | Black shale becoming sandy at<br>base with some sandy lig. sh. in<br>bed 0.2                         |
| D  | 4.2  | Sandstone, fine gr. silty<br>with some strong<br>current X-bed. on small<br>scale (no huge ripples?) |
| C  | 2.5± | Shale black, dk or y at<br>top grading to mottled gray<br>and light gray bentonitic<br>shale         |





- B 4.0± Bentonite, ~~red~~ gray  
grades into bauxite shale  
above.
- A 0.5-? Lignite shale, wood frags.  
(wood samples.)
- Bottom of pit

W-29

Bed ends in Newcastle

Grass roots

- 7.7 Siltstone, ~~tan~~ light gray  
locally fine sand locally, 1 ft  
from top - brown conc. Fe in  
sandy zone (0.8±)'; weather  
conc. Fe, and 5' iron up  
In basal 1/2 silt sh. progressively  
more clayey down, grades into  
hard silty clay then into unit  
below. About basal 2' massive  
rather than laminated.  
Top of upper conc. zone  
weathers locally to silty  
brown sandstone.

0.3 Shale, black, tough, weathers



Fissile. Is silty & locally  
replaced by shaly siltstone.

### 3.3 Bentonite.

- 0.5-0.8 Lignite + lig sh. some pyrite  
chunks fossil wood loc.
- 1.0 Claystone, gray, finely silty  
plant rootlets, vertical.
- 1.3 Shaly, silty, <sup>loc.</sup> lignitic + shly  
lig siltst. rootlet remains  
on bedding.
- 0.8 Claystone, gray, dk gray,  
carb. frags, selenite.
- 2.8 Claystone, light gray, silty,  
grading to siltstone,  
rootlets (vert.) in most of it  
otherwise white. Massive.
- 0.7 Sandstone, fine gr, silty,  
loc. calc. cement causes  
brown weath. crumbly  
lenses. Loc. nodules  
with barite cement  
cont. with beds above & below.
- 3.2 Siltstone, massive light



gray, with Fe specs. which  
locally weather yellow gray  
interior splotchy stain.  
Is locally clayey (Sample #1)

2.1 Siltstone, gray to light gray,  
thin bedded <sup>in upper 0.5</sup> forms obscure  
shale loc. Grades to silty  
shaly; sad dark gray shale  
in lower 0.5, which grades  
thru bentonitic zone to unit  
below.

1.3 Bentonite.

1.3 Lignitic silty clstn seems  
lignite

5.5 Claystone, hard, gray to dk gray  
+ brownish gray. Darker  
shades in upper 3.0 where  
carb frags plentiful, chiefly  
rootlets. This zone may  
be fair. red. clay, ~~too~~ <sup>but</sup> finely  
silty.

Lower 2.5 is light gray  
silty clstn with local  
(Sample 2) → concnts. of Fe blebs  
which weather out in irreg  
brown fac clusters or nodules





stem crop yellow in spl. int.

3.0

cutaneous with above —  
Irreg. interbedded + inter. lam.  
siltstone + claystone, dk  
gray to brown. Some  
seams pure clay.  
Chiefly brownish siltstone  
in lower part. Some of <sup>lower</sup>  
clay finer lam. Local sandy ~~stone~~

2.0±

Sandstone + siltstone, locally  
indurated, brownish or gray  
with chyl. frags, weathers  
white to yellowish, fine  
and sp. gray. Gets glaucous in  
base. 0.5 — locally lignitic base

0.8

Be on top or below ch.,  
greenish gray

Shull Cr. 5.0 — ?

Shale, clay, dk gray to  
black, 1.7 from top  
is 0.5 zone with  
glauconite. (Sample 3)



